

The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal—Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art, Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

At \$2.00 per annum, strictly in advance.
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ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements \$1.25 per square for 3 weeks.
25 for each copy.

VOL. LXVI.

GETTYSBURG, PA., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1866.

NO. 50.

Professional Cards.

Claim Agency.
THE undersigned will attend to the Collection of Claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage, &c., either in the Court of Claims, or before any of the Department at Washington.
R. G. MCCREARY,
Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.
Oct. 11, 1866.

D. McCONAUGHY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE removed to door west of Bachler's (Drug & Book Store, Chambersburg street).

Removal.
D. O'NEAL has removed his office from "Wills' building" to the corner of Baltimore and High streets, opposite the Presbyterian Church. Residence adjoining the office April 7, 1863. M.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran Church, on Chambersburg St., opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed are respectfully invited to call.

REPRESENTATIVE.
Rev. C. P. KRAUTH, D. D., Prof. Muhlenberg, M. L. Stoeber, M. L. Naugher, Dr. H. S. Huber.

JOSEPH P. CLARKSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, &c., CHICAGO, ILL.,
P. O. Box 711.

ON connection with his practice, he gives special attention to investments for non-residents either in real estate, or in loans upon first class real estate securities in Chicago and to the collection of taxes, &c. A long residence in Chicago, and frequent investments made, have thoroughly acquainted him with the character and value of its real estate, both as security, and as purchase, and he can warrant satisfaction in all matters of the kind entrusted to him. He has constant opportunities for making loans, in small or large amounts, simply secured and yielding from 8 to 10 per cent. interest per annum, according to the period of the loan. Charges in all cases will be found unobscured.

He refers to R. G. Harper, Esq., Editor of "The Sentinel," Prof. M. L. Stoeber, Fabnestock Brothers, and P. A. Buchler, Esq., Jan. 10.

THE EAGLE LIVERY,
SALE AND EXCHANGE
STABLES,
Washington Street, Gettysburg,
ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLES in this place, and is prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. He has provided himself with Buggies, Carriages, Hack, Light Wagons, &c., of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. His horses are all good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old cripples," but all of the "240" order. Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished. Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms. Visitors to the Battle field politely attended to, and reliable drivers furnished if desired. Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train. Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging." Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Funerals. We further ourselves that by charging moderately and furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes our establishment.
Jan. 20. T. T. TATE.

Great Reduction in Prices.
FARNSTOCK BROTHERS have just returned from the City with a large and choice selection of Goods, which have been purchased at a great sacrifice to the manufacturer, and which are offered at immensely reduced prices.

GOOD CALICOES at 12 1/2 cents.
Best bleached MUSLIN at 25 cents, and all other Goods in proportion.
Now is the time to buy cheap Goods.
If you would save money, call at once and make your purchases at
March 27.—FARNSTOCKS.

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organ.
PORTY different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music, for \$80 to \$600 each. FIFTY-ONE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues from Address MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, New York. [Sept. 12.—ly.]

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD, will do more and better work at a given cost, than any other! Try it! Manufactured only by ZIEGLER & SMITH, Wholesale Drug, Paint and Glass Dealers, No. 137 North Third Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 33.—ly.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.—We have a splendid assortment, and all lovers of the weed should call on
WM. BOYER & SON.

OILS.—Fish, Sperm and Coal Oil, for sale WM. BOYER & SON.

SYRUPS.—The best in the market can always be found at the cheap store of WM. BOYER & SON.

SUGARS.—A general assortment always on hand of both Brown and White Sugars for sale by WM. BOYER & SON.

QUEENSWARE and Notions.—A general assortment. Call and examine for yourselves, at the cheap store of WM. BOYER & SON, Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

PURE BRANDY, GIN AND WHISKY, for medicinal purposes only, at the New Drug Store of Dr. ROBERT HARPER.

Gettysburg Railroad.

CHANGE OF CONNECTIONS.

ON and after Monday, November 20th, 1865, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Gettysburg, and make connections as follows: FIRST TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 7.45, A. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and the North and West, arriving at Hanover Junction without change of cars, at 10.25, A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South on the Northern Central Railway, and arriving at Baltimore at 12.30, noon. Also connecting with Mail train from Baltimore north, arriving in Harrisburg, at 1.30, P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg 1.10, P. M., with passengers from Harrisburg, York, Baltimore and Washington.

SECOND TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 1.20, P. M., arriving at Hanover Junction at 2.15, and connecting with mail train South. Arrive in Baltimore at 5.30, P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg at 6.15, P. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore and the North and West, and also with passengers from Baltimore and Washington by the fast line north, which leaves Baltimore at 12.10 noon. Passengers can leave Baltimore in the Mail train at 9.45, A. M., and arrive in Gettysburg at 1.10, P. M. Or leave Baltimore in the fast line at 12.10 noon, and arrive in Gettysburg at 6.15, P. M. But one change of cars by the first train, and one by the second at Hanover Junction. The fast line on the Northern Central will not stop at any local stations, except York, Hanover Junction and Parkton. Connections certain.

R. McCURDY, Pres't.

Hanover Branch Railroad.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON and after Monday, Nov. 24th, 1865, Passenger Trains on the Hanover Branch Railroad will leave as follows: FIRST TRAIN (which makes connection with Three Trains on the Northern Central Railway at the Junction) will leave Hanover at 6 o'clock, A. M., with passengers for York, Baltimore, Harrisburg, and the North and West. This Train arrives at the Junction at 9.55, A. M., connecting with the York Accommodation Train, which arrives at York at 10.35, A. M. It connects also with the "Fast Line" South, which arrives at Baltimore at 12.10, P. M., and also with the "Mail Train" North, which arrives at Harrisburg at 1.40, P. M. This Train returns to Hanover at 12, noon, and arrives at Gettysburg at 1, P. M. SECOND TRAIN leaves Hanover at 2.20, P. M., and arrives at the Junction at 3.10, P. M., connecting with the "Fast Line" South, which arrives at Baltimore at 5.30, P. M. Passengers by this Train for York lay over at the Junction until 6.12, P. M. This Train returns to Hanover at 4, P. M., with passengers for Gettysburg and Littlestown. Passengers leaving Baltimore for Hanover, Gettysburg and Littlestown, will take either the "Mail Train" at 9, A. M., or the "Fast Line" at 12.10, P. M.

JOSEPH LEIB, Agent.

FRESH ARRIVAL.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

COBEAN & CO.
HATS just received and opened another splendid assortment of
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, for Summer wear, which they are selling at very low prices considering the times. The latest styles of Summer Hats and Caps, of every description and price. Boots and Shoes, of superior make, and warranted to fit always on hand. Work made to order and repairing done on short notice, by experienced workmen. Also—
HARNESS MAKING carried on all its branches. Persons wanting anything in this line would do well to call. Don't forget the old stand in Chambersburg street, if you want Bargains.
COBEAN & CO. WFOED.

June 20.

GROVESTEEN & CO.,

Piano Forte Manufacturers,
409 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
THESE PIANOS received the Highest Award of Merit at the World's Fair, Germany, the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Boston. Also, the GOLD MEDAL at the American Institute, for five successive years! Our Pianos contain the French Grand Action, Harp Pedal, Overstrung Bass, Full Iron Frame, and all the modern Improvements. Every Instrument warranted five years. Made under the supervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEEN, who has a practical experience of over thirty years, and is the maker of over eleven thousand pianos. Our facilities for manufacturing enable us to sell these Instruments from \$100 to \$200 cheaper than any first class piano forte.
[July 11.—ly.]

Empire Sewing Machine Co.,
Principal Office, 616 Broadway, NEW YORK.

Great Improvement in Sewing Machines. Empire Shuttle, Crank Motion Sewing Machine. It is thus rendered almost in action. Its motion being all positive, it is not liable to get out of order. It is the best Family Machine! Notice is called to our new and Improved Manufacturing Machine, for Tailors and Boot and Shoe Fitters. Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will be given. No consignments made.
EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE CO.
July 31.

Cooking Stories

OF every variety, including the "Noble Cook," "Royal Cook," "Waverley," "Ornamental," "Oriental," &c. Also, Tin ware, Sheet iron-ware, Hollow-ware, and every variety of Kitchen Furniture—including a variety of lanterns. Also, a new and much improved Floor Sifter, for sale by
C. H. BUEHLER,
corner of Carlisle and Rail Road Sts.,
Feb. 13. Gettysburg Pa.

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD,—prepared by all practical Painters! Try it and you will have no other. Manufactured only by ZIEGLER & SMITH, Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers, No. 137 North Third Street, Philadelphia, Jan. 23.—ly.

Choice Poetry.

From the Little Pilgrim.

WHITHER? BY MARY E. EARLE.
Whither is it thou art wing?
Whither, with the stalky wind?
Art thou lured by spicy odors
The southern zephyrs bring?
Art thou leaving northern orchards
In orange groves to sing?

Heavy is the south wind laden
With fragrances sweet and rare,
Wafted from the tropic garden,
Where jasmines lead the air
With a fragrance like the incense
The flowers use in prayer.

There are birds of brighter plumage,
With golden nectar throats,
But they have no power like thine
To bless with warbled notes,
Till from the charmed fancy
A thought of beauty floats.

Whither glides thy cloud enveloped,
Whither on an angel's wing?
Whither beauty has it gathered
In upward journeying?
It has drunk from crystal rivers,
And from the mountain spring.

Noisily the little brooklet
Goes leaping down the hill,
Lured with the grain and grasses,
And with the moss-grown wall,
Bringing drink to thirsty cattle,
But dashing onward still.

Whither art thou rushing, brooklet,
Past fragrant meadow lands,
Playing with the shining pebbles,
And with the golden sands,
Sooty touching flowers and fern-leaves
With gleaming silver hands?

Very soft and full of dimples
Are children's little feet;
Sweet the music they are making
On the paths of the street.
Life has wondrous pathways open
For all those little feet.

Will they choose the ways of folly,
For which man's peace is sold,
Or the pathways on the mountains,
Where prophets stalked of old?
Such lead upward to a city
Whose streets are made of gold.

Even now the little children
Gry with their weary feet,
Whither shall they turn to rest them,
Behind the fold and gate?
Shall they lead the peace they cry for,
Safe on the golden street?

Miscellaneous.

Lesson on Wisdom.

Frederick Bremer, the charming moralist, speaks tenderly and truthfully to those occupying the several family relations: "Many marriages have commenced like the morning, red, and perished like a mushroom. Wherefore? Because the married pair neglected to be as agreeable to each other before the union as they were before it. Seek to please each other, my children, but in doing so keep heaven in your mind.—Lay not your love to day, remembering that marriage has a morrow and again a morrow. Beshink ye, my daughters, what a word housewife expresses. The married woman is her husband's domestic trust. On her ought to be able to place his reliance in house and family; to her he should confide the key of his heart and the lock of his store-room. His honor and his home is under her protection—his welfare in her hands. Ponder this! And you, my sons, be true men of honor, and good fathers of your families. Act in such wise that your wives respect and love you. And what more shall I say to you, my children? Pursue diligently the Word of God; that will guide you out of storm and dead calm, and bring you safe into port. And as for the rest—do your best!"

Autumn, or the Fall of the Leaf.

We always consider this as the pleasantest of the four seasons. It is proverbially beautiful and interesting. Our springs are too humid and chilly; our summers too hot and dusty; and our winters too cold and tempestuous. But autumn, that soft twilight of the waning year, is ever delightfully temperate and agreeable. Nothing can be more rich and splendid than the variegated mantles which our forests put on, after throwing off the light drapery of summer. This is the only proper season in which one truly enjoys, in all its maturity of luxurious loveliness, an excursion into the country:

"There, the loaded fruit-trees bending,
Strew with mellow gold the land;
Here, on high from vines impeding,
Purple clusters court the hand."

Autumn now throws her many tinted robe over our landscapes, unequalled by the richest drapery which nature's wardrobe can furnish in any part of the world. We read of Italian skies and tropical evergreens, and often long to visit those regions where the birds have "no sorrow in their song, no winter in their year." But where can we find such an assemblage of beauties as is displayed, at this moment, in the groves and forests of our native State? To them has prodigal nature given springs like Eden, summers of plenty, and winters of mildness. To the land of our nativity alone has she given autumns of unrivalled beauty, magnificence and abundance. Most of our poets have sung the charms of this season—all varying from each other, and all beautiful, like the many tinted hues of the foliage of the groves. The pensive, sentimental, moralizing Bryant says, "The melancholy days are come, the saddest of the year."

A Beautiful Thought.

Among some of the South Sea Islanders the compound word for hope is beautifully expressive. It is *mananola*, and the *winning thought*—faith floating and keeping its head above water, when all the waves and billows are going over—a strikingly beautiful definition of hope, worthy to be set down along with the answer which a deaf and dumb person wrote with his pencil in reply to the question, "What was his idea of forgiveness?" "It is the odor which flowers yield when trampled on."

What They Eat at Xenia.

The "fat Contributor" gives the following experience of endeavoring to get dinner at Xenia, on the Little Miami railroad: "Twenty minutes for dinner," shouted the brakeman as we approached Xenia. Arrived there, I entered the dining room and inquired for a waiter.

"What do you have for dinner?" "Twenty minutes," was the hurried reply.

I told him I would try half a dozen minutes, raw, on the half shell, just to see how they went. Told him to make a minute of it on his books. He scratched his head, trying to comprehend the order, but finally gave it up and waited upon some one else.

I approached a man who stood by the door with a roll of money in his hand. "What do you have for dinner?" "Half a dollar," said he.

I told him I would take half a dollar well done. I asked him if he couldn't send me, in addition, a boiled pocket book stuffed with greenbacks and some seven-thirties, garnished with postage stamps and ten cent script. Also a Confederate bond, done brown, with lettuce alone (let us alone).—I would like to wash my dinner down with National Bank Notes, on "draft."

He said they were out of everything, but the bank notes, and he then ordered a waiter to go to the bank and "draw" some.

Mr. L.—, an elderly, blind gentleman, better known as "Blind L"—, used to travel round with his guide to do his own grading. He was subject to short convulsive fits; and was once fellow of some pants, preparatory to purchasing, but not having the right size the clerk had gone to the warehouse for a fresh lot. During his absence the old man was overtaken with one of his fits, and the clerk, ignorant of the fact, was returning with the pants, when he was asked by the "boss"—who was in the office, and could see the old man's contortions—"if he had got a fit?"

"Well, Sir," said the clerk, "within half an inch I he wears XXXI, and the nearest we have is XXXIII, but I can scratch out the 3, and he won't know the difference!"

The affair caused lots of laughter, in which the old man himself joined when he had recovered and was told of the clerk's misconstruction of the word fit.

Young lady sweeping the street with a trail two yards long. A young man stepped upon it, partly tearing it from the waist. She turned slowly upon him and said: "Sir, you are a rowdy."

He returned, "Madame, you are a dowdy."

"If I were a man, I would thrash you," said she.

"This is insufferable," said the lady, gathering up her calico and turning away. "That is true," he replied, "whether your remark applies to yourself, your dress, or the weather."

In September, 1869, the electors of Tennessee were addressing a mass meeting at Nashville in favor of the Presidential candidates. Governor Neill S. Brown delivered one of his most flowery speeches. Colonel J.— was next called. He stepped upon the platform, raised his hands to an angle of forty-five degrees, and said: "Now, gentlemen, I will show you my position on this great national question."

And taking a step back, seemingly to get room to spread himself, he went over flat on the ground! Shouting is no name for the applause.

The mayor of Nancy is an intelligent individual. On the occasion of the recent visit of the Empress Eugenie, with her son, the mayor asked the prince imperial: "What is your age, my prince?" "I am ten," answered the prince.

"So young, and already the son of the Emperor of the French!" exclaimed the mayor, with great emphasis.

John and the Pancakes—"John," said a stingy old hunk to his hired man, as he was taking dinner, "do you know how many pancakes you've eaten?" "No."

"You've eaten fourteen."

Romantic.

I recollect a pretty incident, which may not be uninteresting to the reader. A wild young fellow married a lovely young girl, and having been long addicted to habits of dissipation, even the sincere attachment which he entertained towards his wife could not disentangle him from his sorrows. His occasional irregular hours would have given any, but one of so pure and sweet disposition, every reason to suspect that she did not hold that place in his affection which was her right; but his reflection scarcely ever intruded upon her spirits. The husband was far from being cruel, and really loved her, but his disposition was weak and companions eloquent, and he seemed to grow worse rather than better in his habits.

It happened once that he was called out of town, and in his haste left behind him a letter, in which, to please an unprincipled friend, he spoke of his wife in terms of carelessness, if not of derision, and diluted freely upon his course of life. Imagine the anxiety and suspense of the startled profligate when he found himself borne by a rapid steambreak upon a journey which must necessarily be of several days duration, yet remembering distinctly that the fatal letter was left exposed and unsealed upon his wife's table. He recollected, too, with a pang, that he had, in answer to her inquiries, boasted that it contained a profound secret which he would not have revealed for the world.

He paced the deck in agony of disappointment and shame. He pictured her reading the letter, and turning pale with horror and indignation; perhaps fainting with anguish; alarming the servants lying to her father—renouncing him forever. As soon as possible he returned, but with a sinking heart, to his dwelling, bracing himself up to meet the fury of an enraged and wretched woman. He opened the door softly. She was bending over her table busily writing. A placid smile sealed her mouth with a perfect beauty, and spread over her glowing features the mild expression of peace and joy, and even as she wrote, the fragments of a sweet ballad fell from her lips in a low music, that flows only from a heart entirely at rest. The husband stole noiselessly around, and read, as her pen traced her gentle thoughts:

"Your letter is lying by me. The very, very letter containing the profound secret. Now I must punish you with your carelessness; but my dear Charles, how could I look you in the face on your return, after having basely violated your trust in my integrity, and meanly sought to gratify a silly curiosity at the expense of honesty, delicacy and confidence. No. The letter is unopened, and lest you should feel uneasy I enclose it to you, with the sincere love of your affectionate wife, etc."

"What an angel!" uttered the conscience-stricken husband.

She started up with a cry of pleasure—and as Charles met the light of her clear unshrinking eyes, he was humbled that he should have suspected her, and deeply struck with repentance at his own conduct. He thereupon severed all ties that drew him abroad; and if the pure and happy being whose influence had thus allured him to the path of right, had perused his subsequent letters, she would have found "nothing concerning herself, save bursts of the sincerest admiration and warmest of love."

"We shall Eat the Fruit."

A blacksmith had in his possession, but under mortgage, a house and piece of land. Like many others, he was one time fond of the social glass, but was happily induced by a friend to join the temperance society. About three months after he observed his wife one morning busily employed plaiting rose bushes and fruit trees.

"Mary," said he, "I have owned this coat for five years, and yet I have never known you before to improve or ornament it in this manner."

"Indeed," replied the smiling wife, "I had no heart to do it until you gave me the drink. I had often thought of it before, but I was persuaded that, should I do it, some strangers would pluck of the roses and eat the fruit. Now, with God's blessing, this coat will be ours, and we and our children may expect to enjoy the produce. We shall pluck the roses and eat the fruit."

Boys Using Tobacco.

A strong and sensible writer says a good, sharp thing, and a true one, for boys who use tobacco. It has utterly ruined thousands of boys. It tends to softening and weakening of the bones, and it greatly injures the brain, the spinal marrow, and the whole nervous fluid. A boy who smokes early and frequently, or in any way uses large quantities of tobacco, is never known to make a man of much energy, and generally lacks muscular and physical as well as mental power. We would particularly warn boys who want to be anything in the world, to shun tobacco as a most baneful poison. It injures the teeth. It produces an unhealthy state of the throat and lungs, hurts the stomach, and blasts the brain and nerves.

An old bachelor proposed the following "sentiment" for the thirteenth regular toast, on the 4th of July:

"The fair—May their virtues exceed the magnitude of their skirts, and their faults be still smaller than their bonnets."

The Golden Rule for a young lady is to converse with your female friends as if a gentleman were present; and with young men as if your female companions were present. We'll warrant it to be chaste and becoming.

A Woman's Revenge.

Some eight months ago, a well-dressed lady in deep mourning, made her appearance at the city hall and desired to see Mayor Tallmadge on business of importance. She was conducted into the mayor's office, and in a short conversation gave her name and address. She said she, her husband and one child, had left the east to locate in the west, but that in Chicago her husband had suddenly died, and that it required all the money she possessed to bury him, and that she and her child were now upon the cold charities of the world. She did not know what she should do for support. She was asked if she had no friends to whom she could apply for aid, and replied that she had not. She felt that she could take care of herself, but she feared for her child, a beautiful girl of four years of age. She solicited the aid of the Mayor in getting the child into one of the orphan homes in the city until she, the mother, could secure a home for it, which she believed she could soon do, when she would take the child, paying the asylum for its trouble. The woman told her story in such plaintive tones, and there appeared so much of sorrow and anguish about her that the Mayor was interested in her case, and told her to call the next morning, bringing her child with her, and during the day he would see what could be done. He assured the woman she should not suffer.

During the day Mayor Tallmadge did interest himself, and succeeded in finding a family with no children of its own, and who desired to adopt a child. He knew it would be a delightful home for a child, and the next morning, when the mother called, bringing the child with her, he took her to the house.

The mother appeared grateful that such a home was found for her little one, and that it would not be cast in its tender years upon the world. She objected at first to parting with the child forever, apparently with much sincerity, but, as the family would not take it under other circumstances, she at length submitted, and, embracing and kissing her child many times, she had but one request to make, and that was it should be called Ada. She left, and since that time nothing has been heard of the mother. The child was a bright little creature, and very soon bore the love and affection of its adopted parents, as if it had been their own.

A few days ago a detective from Chicago was in this city, and in consultation with the officers here. He said that a little child had been stolen from its parents in that city months before, under peculiar circumstances. A woman claimed to have been deceived and betrayed by the father of the child, and when she was lost, he cruelly deserted her and married another woman. The man was a merchant in Chicago.

Although nearly heart broken from the wrongs she had suffered, it was evident that revenge was not dead, but only slumbering in the woman's breast. When her seducer's child had attained the age that its parents loved it devotedly, she determined to strike them where the blow would be most severely felt, and watching her opportunity when the child was out with its nurses, managed to take and secrete it. From the nurse's story, the father feared the worst, and immediately set out with a detective in pursuit. They traced the woman and child to St. Louis, then to Cincinnati, to Louisville, and to New Orleans. Then, all traces were lost, and the father, nearly heart broken, returned to his home, when the child was mourned as lost forever, it being supposed that the woman, in her madness, had destroyed it. The mother of the child, however, could not be satisfied with the idea. Some days ago she dreamed that the child was alive and near her. She urged her husband to further and continued efforts, and he, more to satisfy her than in any belief that he would succeed, renewed his searches. He sent a well known Chicago detective out, with instructions to leave no stone unturned to find his lost child. With this view he came here.—While in conversation with the police, the case of which we have spoken was mentioned. A description of the woman and child was given from memory as well as it could be, and the detective felt that his labors were at an end. He at once telegraphed to the parents of the child, and they came to Milwaukee by the next train. Upon going to the house of the gentleman who had adopted the child, the joy of the mother can well be imagined when she discovered the idol of her heart, but the joy was at once turned to despair when the child did not recognize and could not be induced to go to her. It fact, it cried piteously whenever the mother attempted to approach it. This nearly broke the mother's heart. She satisfied the adopted parents that the child was her's, and, as it was to part with the little one, they could not do otherwise. The child, when taken away, cried itself into spasms, refusing to be comforted; but it was taken to Chicago. Yesterday Mayor Tallmadge received a letter from the parents of the child, saying that their darling had died, evidently from grief at being separated from those whom it had learned to love better than its own flesh and blood. It had, when recovered from its spasms, settled down into a strange grief, moaning continually, and calling for its mother. It refused to eat or be comforted, and the day before yesterday it breathed its last.

The affair is a strange one. The detective informed the mayor that no trace of the woman had been discovered since she left New Orleans, and it is believed that she, having succeeded in accomplishing the desire of her heart, had destroyed her own life.—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

Autumn.

We do not believe with the poet, says the York True Democrat, that Autumn is a "sad and melancholy season of the year." On the contrary when properly appreciated, it is the most enlivening and delightful. The fading of leaves and flowers, and the dreary aspect of the fields and woods, ought not to throw a gloom over the mind, for the heavens still remain bright and cheerful, and the pure and balmy air is strengthening and invigorating. The changes of the seasons are a part of the economy of nature, and without them neither tree, nor grass, nor shrub, nor flower, would ever spring into life and beauty. The grain which is sown in the earth must first die before it vegetates, and leafless forests and withered fields are just as essential to spring and summer loveliness as the coat of feathers of the bird or fowl are to its being clothed in more glossy or attractive plumage. Besides this, the changes of the season are necessary in the Divine economy, for purposes of instruction and exhortation. Who so dull as not to perceive the resemblance between spring and that young and buoyant time of life we call youth, summer, and that ripen and more advanced state of manhood, autumn, and full and mellow maturity of mind and body, and winter with the dull, cold, listless, and chilled and wasted energies of old age. As nature teaches us these changes, we ought to profit by them, and they should be to us a source of delight instead of melancholy and despondency. Knowing, as we do, that death is inevitable and unavoidable, why should we shrink from it or indulge in sad and gloomy reflections, as we contemplate its speedy approach? To cherish nervous and alarmed anticipations as we advance in life, will not make the grave less dreary or the sod to press less heavily upon our bosoms. Let us abide our time, and let us be thankful that we have a firm and enduring refuge in Him who died for us, and through whose intercession and mercy we are preserved in faith and hope "unto the morning of resurrection."

Discovery of a Great Pyramid in Colorado.

A party of five young men, while on an exploring expedition recently along the Colorado river, discovered an immense pyramid on a barren plain. It was composed of layers of stone from eighteen inches to nearly three feet in thickness and five to eight feet in length. It had a level top of more than fifty feet square, though it was evident that it had been completed, and that some great convulsion of nature had displaced its entire top, as it was evidently lying on one of its sides, a huge and broken mass nearly covered by the sand. Its present length is one hundred and four feet, and it must have been formerly flat twenty feet higher. This pyramid differs in some respects from the Egyptian pyramids. It is, or was, more slender, or pointed, and while those of Egypt are composed of steps or layers, receding as they rise, this American pyramid was, undoubtedly, a more finished structure, a smooth or regular surface from top to bottom.

A correspondent writes that, if we desire it, he will send us something to fill up with. That is just what we want.—Suppose you commence now with a good roasted piece of beef, a barrel of flour, two bushels of potatoes, and a nice tub of 40 cent butter.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.

The household effects left at the Arlington mansion by Gen. Lee, or rather the fragments remaining of them, were yesterday restored to the party authorized by Gen. Lee to receive them. This was done, the National Intelligencer says, under an order of the President.

It appears that nearly everything of any value had been stolen, and many valuable heirlooms, including some of the family portraits, had been purloined. The portraits were taken from the frames, packed in boxes and stored in the upper loft of the mansion for safety, in 1861. These boxes had been broken open and everything of real value taken away, and the letters and private papers of Gen. Lee scattered over the loft.

National Banks.

Some 1,200 of the quarterly reports of the National Banks, out of the 1660 due, have been received by the Comptroller of the Currency, which show the banks to be in sound condition. The reports are remarkably correct, and exhibit a very general compliance with the provisions of

Drugs and Medicines.
FORNEY'S OLD STAND.
 The undersigned having taken charge of
 this old and popular Store, takes plea-
 sure in informing the public that he is con-
 stantly receiving fresh supplies of all kinds
DRUGS AND MEDICINES from the

receiving fresh supplies of all kinds
TEAS AND MEDICINES from the
 reliable houses, and is prepared to ac-
 cede his customers with any article in
 the
CASH DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
 such as, all the popular PAT-
 ENT MEDICINES, together with full
 assortment of Chemicals, Perfumery, Paints, Dry
 Vanishes, Fluids, Turpentine, Hair
 extracs, Soaps, Brushes, together with
 variety of Fancy articles—in short,
 having usually found in a first class
 store—constantly on hand.
 Physicians supplied at reasonable
 and prescriptions carefully compound-
 ed and prepared at all hours of the day and

...sudden, not extortion, but a liberal
 of public patronage. Give us a call
 for yourselves.
 14, '66. JNO. W. FORNEY.

Attraction at Brinkerhoff's
 GAP Clothing and Furnishing Store, a
 North-east corner of the Diamond
 good.

Together is constantly receiving
 goods from the eastern cities. His
 of READY-MADE CLOTHING the
 and most attractive, and his establish-
 is the cheapest of the kind in the coun-
 You will there find

COATS, PANTS AND VESTS,
 up in the most fashionable styles, and
 best materials, of all sizes and prices,
 and Boys. Gentlemen's Furnishing
 of every description, Woolen Shirts,
 in Shirts, Hickory Shirts, and Merino
 s, Merino, Wool and Cotton Drawers,
 ry of every description, Buckskin Meri-
 d Cotton Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck

Gravats, Linen and Paper Collars,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,
Trunks, Trunks, Trunks, Trunks, Trunks, Trunks,
Shoes and Shoe Brushes, Hair and Teeth
Brushes, Shoe Blacking, Pocket and Dressing
Cases, Ivory Combs, Watches, Clocks and
Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Violins, and Violins

Don't forget the place. Corner of
street and the Diamond, in the old
ty Building on the corner.

INVENTORS' OFFICES.
D'EPINEUILL & EVANS,
CIVIL ENGINEERS & PATENT SOLICITORS,
NO. 435 WALNUT ST., PHILAD'A.
 PATENTS solicited—Consultations on
 Engineering, Draughting and Sketches,
 Models and Machinery of all kinds made and
 carefully attended to. Special attention

B.—Save yourselves useless trouble travelling expenses, as there is no actual

for personal interview with us. All
 fees with these Offices can be transac-
 tion writing. For further information, di-
 rect as above, with stamp enclosed, for Cir-
 cular references.
 n. 16-17.

**Pennsylvania Paint and Color
 Works!**

Liberty White Lead! Liberty White Lead
 TRY IT! TRY IT!

WARRANTED to cover more surface, for
 same weight, than any other. Buy the
 it is the cheapest!
 TRY IT! TRY IT!

berty Lead is whiter than any other.
 berty Lead covers better than any other.
 berty Lead wears longer than any other.
 berty Lead is more economical than any
 berty Lead is more free from impurities
 is warranted to do more and better work,
 given cost, than any other.
 THE BEST, IT IS THE CHEAPEST.
 manufactured and warranted by
 ZIEGLER & SMITH,
 Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers,
 CORN. 14. 187 Third Street, Phila.

STOCK STILL AHEAD!
 NEW FALL GOODS!
 REDUCTION IN PRICES!

L. SCHICK would respectfully say to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he is now receiving at his Store a plen-

STOCK OFF FALL GOODS.
The stock consists in part of Fancy and
all Dry Goods of every description,
K.S.
MOZAMBIQUES,
SHALLIES,
DELANES,
BOMBAZINES,
ALPACCAS,
LAWNS,
CALICOS,
all qualities and choicest styles, which will
be sold at prices to defy competition.
FURNISHING GOODS,
all kinds, including Silk, Linen and Cot-
ton Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Stockings, &c.
&c., a splendid assortment of Bibbons,
sashes and Edgings, Umbrellas and Parasols.
A stock of White Goods will be found full
complete, and customers may rely upon
us getting goods at the lowest possible
prices.
Gentlemen will find it to their advantage

all and examine my stock of CLOTHES, SHIRTS, and VESTINGS, of all quality and choicest styles. J. L. SCHIÖCK.
Oct. 9.

The Very Latest!
COOBS & BROTHER, Merchant Tailors, have just received from the city a splendid assortment of
TENTS, CASSIMERES, and VESTINGS, of the
Gauts' Furnishing Goods, of every description.
Suits made to order in the most fashionable and substantial manner. All work guaranteed to fit or we are agents. Customers cannot be pleased unless we please them.
COOBS & BROTHER are agents for the celebrated
SINGER SEWING MACHINE, and always have the machines on hand and for sale. We recommend them as being the best machines in use.
JACOBS & BRO.
Oct. 20.

Gaitzsbury Marble Yard.
MEALS & BRO.
on East York street, Gaitzsbury, Pa.
HERE they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work in their line, such as MON-

ENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES, MAN-
S, &c., at the shortest notice, and as cheap
as the cheapest. Give us a call.
Produce taken in exchange for work
Citysburg, May 27,
OLD SILVER, STEEL and other SPE-
CIFICS to suit all ages, always on
hand, and fitted to sight.
J. REVAN,
Opposite the Bank, Citysburg.
BANKET SHAWLS, all varieties and prices
at A. SCOTT & SON'S cheap stores.

THANKSGIVING.

PROCLAMATION OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.

The following proclamation has just been issued by the President of the United States: Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, has been pleased to vouchsafe to us as a people another year of that national life which is an indispensable condition of peace, security and progress. That year has, moreover, been crowned with many peculiar blessings. The civil war, that so recently closed among us, has not been anywhere repeated. Foreign intervention has ceased to excite alarm or apprehension. Intrusive penitence has been benignly mitigated; domestic tranquility has improved; sentiments of conciliation have largely prevailed, and the affections of loyalty and patriotism have been widely revived. Our fields have yielded quite abundantly; our mining industry has been richly rewarded; and we have been allowed to extend our railroad system far into the recesses of the country; while our nation has resumed its customary activity in foreign seas.

The great national blessings demand a national acknowledgment. Now, therefore, I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby recommend that Thursday, the 29th day of November next, be set apart, and be observed everywhere in the several States and Territories of the United States by the people thereof, as a day of thanksgiving and praise to Almighty God.

With due remembrance that "in His temple doth every man speak of His honor," I recommend also that on the same solemn occasion they do humbly and devoutly implore Him to grant to our national councils and our whole people that divine wisdom which can alone lead any nation into the ways of all good.

In offering these national thanksgivings, praises and supplications, we have the Divine assurance that "the Lord remaineth a King forever; them that are weak shall be guided in judgment, and such as are gentle shall He learn His way. The Lord give strength to His people, and the Lord shall give to His people the blessing of peace."

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this 8th day of October, in the 21st year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and of the independence of the United States the ninety first.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President: WM. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

Found Drowned.

On two or three occasions, within the last few months, says the New York Sun of Saturday, we have called public attention to the large number of human bodies found floating in the harbor, together with the mystery surrounding the cause of death. In yesterday's Sun we published statistics upon this subject, which show that we have not magnified its importance. It appears from the statement of the Board of Health that one hundred and sixty-nine cases of "found drowned" have occurred in the last six months, only three of which could be traced to suicide. This aggregate is equal to nearly one per day—an exhibit which should be startling if it had not been fore-shadowed by our previous allusions to the subject. The fact that only three out of all the cases mentioned were the result of known suicide is enough to convince any one that murder has been doing a fearful work in these cases. What tales of horror these inanimate bodies could unfold if they had the power of utterance! But we are at no loss to imagine what their stories would be. Murders for money, and murders to get rid of obnoxious persons, with the aid of the water to conceal the crimes, is the substance of these untold stories. We are glad to see that measures have been recommended with the view of suppressing, to some extent, this fearful species of crime. These measures are the same which the Sun suggested some time ago, namely, an improved harbor and water-side police arrangements, together with better safeguards to prevent accidental drowning. The Board of Health, if they have the power, should at once take steps to carry out these suggestions.

A SHOCKING CASE.—One of the most horrible pictures of want we have met with lately is the account of the famishing to death of a poor widow and two of her four children in Montgomery, Alabama. The whole had been living on Government rations, and when these were stopped nothing was left them but to starve to death. The mother, hanging to her bosom her hungry little ones crying vainly for food, could but bewail their hollow cheeks with bitter tears. She was found dead on the floor. Her babe, when discovered, was too far gone to be rescued. Starvation had done its work, but the infant begged for bread until it expired. The next child, a pretty little girl seven years old, was emaciated by hunger to a complete skeleton. She, too, prayed only for bread; her life could not be saved. The other two, it was thought, must perish; but with care they finally recovered, and told the most heart-rending story of their mother's and their own sufferings.

The Blackhawk (Colored) Mining Journal says the second snow storm of the season commenced on the 10th, at daylight, and they don't know when it will stop. The Journal adds that "it would seem strange to our friends in America, after being blessed (?) with two or three snow storms at this time of the year, to see green corn, tomatoes, green peas, &c, for sale in the stores and on the streets, and last, but not least, we to day saw a gentle youth, over whose precious head scarce a dozen snappers had gently passed, seated in quiet and conscious dignity—on the ground—eating a chunk of watermelon, undisturbed by snow, cholla, or any other man. Such is life—in Colorado."

THE ITALIAN ARMY.—It is announced that the Italian army, when reduced to a peace footing, will still contain two hundred and fifty thousand men. The United States, so much stronger and more powerful a nation than Italy, does not maintain a standing army of more than one fourth the size. The "balance of power" bugbear causes the European nations to overburden themselves with huge standing armies.

ADAMS COUNTY ELECTION.

OFFICIAL RETURNS.

GOVERNOR, CONGRESS, AND ASSOCIATE JUDGES.

County	For	Against	Total
Gettysburg	311	204	515
Cumberland	134	134	268
Littletown	89	89	178
Conowingo	88	88	176
Germany	39	39	78
Oxford	115	115	230
York Springs	125	125	250
Millsboro	220	220	440
Hampton	70	70	140
Berlin	251	107	358
Hunterstown	151	151	302
Franklin	156	156	312
Conowingo	97	97	194
Hicksville	46	46	92
Mountjoy	109	109	218
Mountpleasant	92	92	184
Hampton	114	114	228
Berwick borough	44	44	88
Freedom	70	70	140
Union	57	57	114
Butler	162	162	324
Berwick township	25	25	50
Highland	46	46	92
Total	2910	3126	6036

2910 3126 6036

ASSEMBLY, SHERIFF AND REGISTER.

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Total	2905	3139	6044

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CLERK OF COURTS, COMMISSIONER AND AUDITOR.

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Butler	162	162	324
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Highland	46	46	92
Total	2927	3135	6062

2927 3135 6062

REPUBLICANS IN SMALL CAPS.

Clymer's majority 216, Robinson's 180, Sharp's 233, Helzel's 234, Hann's 168, Holtzworth's 232, Minter's 215, Wierman's 263, Rahn's 208, Nunnemaker's 242, Brennan's 222, McClure's 214.

GLORIOUS VICTORIES!

PENNSYLVANIA.

Has elected the gallant Geary, Governor, by from 15,000 to 18,000 over Clymer; General Koontz is elected to Congress by 800 over McDowell Sharp; we have held all our members of the present Congress, and added two to the number, Messrs. Calk and Corvode; we have a large Union majority in both branches of the Legislature, which insures the election of a Republican U. S. Senator, in the room of Mr. Cowan. We will give full particulars next week.

OHIO.

The gallant Buckeye State came nobly up to the work on Tuesday. Andy Johnson and his policy were rebuked in the most emphatic manner, and the majority in the State will not be less than 45,000. The Congressional delegates will stand 16 Republicans to 3 Copperheads, with the State Legislature almost all on one side. Well done, Ohio!

INDIANA.

The freemen of this great State have done well. The majority in the State will not be less than 15,000. The Congressional delegation will stand 8 Republicans to 3 Copperheads, and the Republicans have two-thirds of the State Legislature, securing the return of a Republican U. S. Senator.

IOWA.

The Vermont of the West has gone Republican all over. Copperheadism and Johnsonism have no local habitation in Iowa.

MARYLAND.

The municipal election in Baltimore resulted in the success of the Republican ticket, by a largely increased majority.

NEW JERSEY.

The Charter elections in New Jersey have resulted in the triumph of the Republican ticket.

THE CHARLOTTEVILLE (Va.) Chronicle, in an editorial article on the Philadelphia Doublet Orr Convention, says that it has done the South "no good," and "upon the whole, has exerted an injurious influence."

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